

**To:** Christopher McAlear[cmcalear@blm.gov]  
**Cc:** Nikki Moore[nmoore@blm.gov]  
**From:** Butts, Sally  
**Sent:** 2017-08-22T15:56:35-04:00  
**Importance:** Normal  
**Subject:** Fwd: NatMon analysis - data errors  
**Received:** 2017-08-22T15:57:03-04:00  
ROV analysis 8 22 2017.docx

Chris,  
 Here's the NOC's paper that incorporates my edits and Nikki's feedback.

Thanks for your review and sending on to Aaron to coordinate with Downey.

Sally

----- Forwarded message -----

**From:** Nikki Moore <[nmoore@blm.gov](mailto:nmoore@blm.gov)>  
**Date:** Tue, Aug 22, 2017 at 2:55 PM  
**Subject:** Re: NatMon analysis - data errors  
**To:** "Butts, Sally" <[sbutts@blm.gov](mailto:sbutts@blm.gov)>  
**Cc:** "Lydick, Steven" <[sdlydick@blm.gov](mailto:sdlydick@blm.gov)>, Rachel Wootton <[rwootton@blm.gov](mailto:rwootton@blm.gov)>, Stephen Small <[ssmall@blm.gov](mailto:ssmall@blm.gov)>, "Fisher, Timothy" <[tjfisher@blm.gov](mailto:tjfisher@blm.gov)>

Steve and Sally, I'll give u my input if u don't mind before I hop on the plane. First, this is a really valuable summary of data that you all pulled together amazingly fast! I think it will be really helpful to show what they were looking for - the distribution of ROV's do occur outside Monuments, some we can't map, some are unique to the Monument, and some we don't have data for. I think it would be helpful to add a disclaimer, or even stronger one maybe than what you've included, that yes we might have all the specific ROV data in hard copy RMP's and other documents but the reason we have to use surrogate data, etc is because we don't have a corporate or "large scale" (use English for the Department) data layer - something like that. We just want to add enough disclaimers that we are saying here's some data like u asked for but we aren't really saying u should use it to definitively answer the question u asked.

Sally - can you put this in a format with what Steve Tryon has submitted (if that's what John Ruhs wants) and submit to Downey and copy everyone with the appropriate caveats. If we need to talk first so I can relay what it is we are responding to let me know.

Thank you again!!

Nikki Moore  
 Acting Deputy Assistant Director,  
 National Conservation Lands and Community Partnerships  
 Bureau of Land Management, Washington DC  
 202.219.3180 (office)  
 202.288.9114 (cell)

On Aug 22, 2017, at 2:15 PM, Butts, Sally <[sbutts@blm.gov](mailto:sbutts@blm.gov)> wrote:

Steve,

I think this works for our initial response to this data request on ROVs, especially given the time constraints. I made some minor edits and have a few comments on the landscape intactness that I'm hoping you can provide a few edits to clarify (see attached).

Thanks so much, Sally

On Tue, Aug 22, 2017 at 12:04 PM, Lydick, Steven <[sdlydick@blm.gov](mailto:sdlydick@blm.gov)> wrote:

All,

Please see the attached. This is ready to use, but I do want you to know that we're looking at a better way to display the data, such that distinctions will be easier to discern. It would essentially change the last column from percent by state to percent or density of resources on the monument to the same outside. I think this would better underscore the relative importance of the monuments. However, it's not done yet, and I wanted to get something in your hands to look at. If we make it in time with the new summary column, I'll forward that ASAP, if not, then this is good to run with.

Please feel free with any questions.

Thanks,

--Steve

Steve Lydick  
Branch Chief - Assessment and Monitoring (OC570)  
BLM National Operations Center  
[sdlydick@blm.gov](mailto:sdlydick@blm.gov)  
303-236-6428

On Tue, Aug 22, 2017 at 8:17 AM, Lydick, Steven <[sdlydick@blm.gov](mailto:sdlydick@blm.gov)> wrote:

We'll try for noon, but we'll get it to you before 3:30 come hell or high water.  
Thanks, --Steve

Steve Lydick  
Branch Chief - Assessment and Monitoring (OC570)  
BLM National Operations Center  
[sdlydick@blm.gov](mailto:sdlydick@blm.gov)  
303-236-6428

On Tue, Aug 22, 2017 at 8:11 AM, Nikki Moore <[nmoore@blm.gov](mailto:nmoore@blm.gov)> wrote:

I think if we can get something to Chris (acting Ruhs) by later afternoon say 3:30 so we can get his approval to send to Downey before he leaves that would be great.

Nikki Moore  
Acting Deputy Assistant Director,  
National Conservation Lands and Community Partnerships  
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202.219.3180 (office)  
202.288.9114 (cell)

On Aug 22, 2017, at 10:03 AM, Lydick, Steven <[sdlydick@blm.gov](mailto:sdlydick@blm.gov)> wrote:

While I'm assembling the document, they have been QA/QC'ing the analyses outputs, and they're finding errors. We're scrambling to fix them. What is our drop-dead time on this (Eastern)?

Thanks,

--Steve

Steve Lydick  
Branch Chief - Assessment and Monitoring (OC570)  
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<Monument review analysis v3\_srb.docx>

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**Resources, Objects, and Values Analysis of National Monuments under Secretarial Review**

Prepared by the National Operations Center at the request of the National Conservation Lands Division

National Monuments are identified for their unique Resources, Objects, and Values (ROVs). Generally, ROV categories include Archaeological, Paleontological, Historical Resources; Tribal Values; Geologic resources; Landscape and Visual Qualities; and Biological Resources (including ecology, threatened and endangered species, rare and endemic plants, and habitat, among others). Of these, only biological resource data are readily available and assessed here. The lack of readily available data is a distinct and important limitation of this analysis.

In some cases, we may have specific ROV data associated with a given Resource Management Plan, research project, or other documents or analyses. However, we do not have large-scale data sets for certain ROVs to be able to analyze ROV quality or quantity within and outside of monuments that would provide meaningful results for consideration.

In this paper, National monument boundaries were used to geographically identify the total area of biological resources (e.g., critical habitat) occurring within national monument compared to the statewide distribution of that particular resource. Biological resources are reported on a percentage basis.

Data for specific biological resource ROVs were not available in many cases. Therefore, surrogate data generally representing the status of biological and physical resources were used. Four westwide datasets were used as surrogates in the evaluation of natural resource distribution within and surrounding the National Monuments under review. These four datasets include: Sage Grouse Initiative Resilience and Resistance Data, 2014; Critical Habitat Polygons, FWS, 2015; Crucial Habitat Assessment Tool (CHAT) data, 2014; and USGS Landscape Intactness.

**Analyses:**

We were able to perform four distinct analyses for each monument, based on west-wide datasets. Additional analyses based on Rapid Ecoregional Assessment data were considered, but would require additional time to conduct these analyses.

**Limitations:**

Perhaps the most significant ROVs not addressed are all those involving cultural resources, including both prehistoric resources, historic resources, Traditional Cultural Properties, and broad-scale cultural resources. Given the purpose of the Antiquities Act, many National Monuments designated under the Act include significant cultural resources. Insofar as these resources are inventoried, the necessary data are sensitive and not available to the BLM's National Operations Center.

Geologic resources were not analyzed. Many geologic resources named as ROVs are specific, unique objects that do not occur outside the National Monuments. Other geologic ROVs are associated with particular geological formations, which may or may not exist beyond the Monuments. Data analyses on geologic formations would require additional time to conduct.

Individual plant and animal species (and ecological communities) were not analyzed. In most cases, we do have data on the distribution of plant, animal, and ecological community ROVs (generally limited to species or communities geographic range or occurrence), but the sheer number of data sets precluded analysis within the given time frame.

**Landscape Intactness:**

Intactness is a measure of fragmentation of the natural landscape due to human development. A higher intactness score equates to a low level of development on the landscape. Thus, the ratings of "highest" and "very high" indicate a landscape that is highly intact and not fragmented. The units of measure are the number of acres that fall into the ""highest" or "very high" intactness category. The percentages are the percentage of acres in those categories within the monument divided by the number of acres in those categories within the entire state. Most national monuments are relatively small compared to the rest of the state where they reside that they make up a very small percentage of the total for the state. Also, a limitation of this analysis is that developments are not rated on a gradient (e.g., a gravel road would constitute the same level of disturbance as a large building, albeit on a different footprint).

	State GIS Acres	Nat Mon GIS Acres	Highest	Very High	Total SUM	Total Percentage
<b>Arizona</b>	<b>72,954,045</b>	<b>5,038,114</b>	<b>13,813,547</b>	<b>13,392,431</b>	<b>27,205,977</b>	
Grand Staircase Escalante NM		3,764,078	32	23	55	0.00%
Ironwood Forest NM		189,865	0	3,070	3,070	0.01%
Sonoran Desert NM		496,420	99,009	73,427	172,437	0.63%
Vermillion Cliffs NM		587,751	244,640	46,400	291,040	1.07%
<b>California</b>	<b>101,285,455</b>	<b>2,535,462</b>	<b>13,816,628</b>	<b>12,076,133</b>	<b>25,892,761</b>	
Berryessa Snow Mountain NM		191,353	0	2,757	2,757	0.01%
Carrizo Plain NM		247,081	0	0	0	0
Cascade-Siskiyou NM		341,073	0	0	0	0
Mojave Trails NM		1,755,956	623,423	639,447	1,262,870	4.88%
<b>Nevada</b>	<b>70,764,321</b>	<b>4,885,557</b>	<b>22,159,343</b>	<b>18,699,075</b>	<b>40,858,418</b>	
Basin and Range NM		2,832,890	470,598	209,778	680,376	1.67%
Gold Butte NM		296,711	222,369	63,125	285,494	0.70%
Mojave Trails NM		1,755,956	0	2	2	0.00%
<b>New Mexico</b>	<b>77,817,599</b>	<b>884,268</b>	<b>10,036,178</b>	<b>15,004,847</b>	<b>25,041,025</b>	
Organ Mountains - Desert Peaks		573,538	132,349	94,345	226,694	0.91%
Rio Grande del Norte NM		310,730	0	15,575	15,575	0.06%
<b>Oregon</b>	<b>62,106,743</b>	<b>511,609</b>	<b>4,012,827</b>	<b>6,833,710</b>	<b>10,846,538</b>	
Cascade-Siskiyou NM		511,609	0	0	0	0.00%
<b>Utah</b>	<b>54,334,336</b>	<b>13,444,905</b>	<b>10,308,765</b>	<b>8,669,944</b>	<b>18,978,709</b>	
Bears Ears NM		5,916,748	382,682	431,091	813,773	4.29%
Grand Staircase Escalante NM		7,528,157	1,051,045	514,963	1,566,008	8.25%

**Crucial Habitat Assessment Tool (CHAT):**

The CHAT was developed by the Western Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies as a tool identifying those habitats considered crucial to a wide variety of fish and wildlife species, both listed and non-listed. Crucial habitat describes places that are expected to contain the resources necessary for continued health of fish and wildlife populations or important ecological systems expected to provide high value for a diversity of fish and wildlife. CHAT ranks 1 (most crucial) and 2 (highly crucial) were analyzed for their prevalence on the National Monuments compared to the States as a whole. The limitations of these analyses are that not all states have complete coverage, and that the data cannot provide coverage for all species, but rather those considered priority species by the States respective fish and wildlife agencies.

	State GIS Acres	Nat Mon GIS Acres	CHATS Rating 1 Acres	CHATS Rating 2 Acres	Percent of Total CHATS Rating 1 and 2 Acres Within Each Monument, by State
<b>Arizona</b>	<b>72,954,045</b>	<b>5,038,114</b>	<b>18,727</b>	<b>6,156</b>	<b>24,884</b>
Grand Staircase Escalante NM		3,764,078	no data	no data	no data
Ironwood Forest NM		189,865	no data	no data	no data
Sonoran Desert NM		496,420	no data	no data	no data
Vermillion Cliffs NM		587,751	0	211	0.85
<b>California</b>	<b>101,285,45</b>	<b>2,535,462</b>	<b>23,103,94</b>	<b>16,973,47</b>	<b>40,077,411</b>
Berryessa Snow Mountain NM		191,353	23,404	24,215	0.12
Carrizo Plain NM		247,081	160,098	49,964	0.52
Cascade-Siskiyou NM		341,073	3,332	761	0.01
Mojave Trails NM		1,755,956	62,485	30,048	0.23
<b>Nevada</b>	<b>70,764,321</b>	<b>4,885,557</b>	<b>7,576,861</b>	<b>9,749,805</b>	<b>17,326,666</b>
Basin and Range NM		2,832,890	39,874	147,111	1.08
Gold Butte NM		296,711	30,859	64,420	0.55
Mojave Trails NM		1,755,956	0	0	0.00
<b>New Mexico</b>	<b>77,817,599</b>	<b>884,268</b>	<b>8,793,080</b>	<b>8,109,202</b>	<b>16,902,282</b>
Organ Mountains - Desert Peaks		573,538	76,680	9,338	0.51
Rio Grande del Norte NM		310,730	43,689	86,480	0.77
<b>Oregon</b>	<b>62,106,743</b>	<b>511,609</b>	<b>19,203,97</b>	<b>17,567,26</b>	<b>36,771,237</b>
Cascade-Siskiyou NM		511,609	33,394	77,385	0.30
<b>Utah</b>	<b>54,334,336</b>	<b>13,444,90</b>	<b>8,375,099</b>	<b>13,973,62</b>	<b>22,348,725</b>
Bears Ears NM		5,916,748	17,905	579,128	2.67
Grand Staircase Escalante NM		7,528,157	19,853	100,428	0.54

**Critical Habitat:**

Many of the National Monuments contain habitat for species listed under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) identified as ROVs. While no consistent dataset exists for general habitat for listed species, we analyzed the amount of designated Critical Habitat for listed species in each monument in a simple comparison to the amount of designated Critical Habitat in their respective States. The limitation of these analyses is that there are many species listed under the ESA for which Critical Habitat has not been designated, and therefore, while this can be considered an indicator of listed species habitat, it is incomplete.

	State GIS Acres	Nat Mon GIS Acres	Total Critical Habitat Acres	Percent of Total Critical Habitat Acres Within Each Monument, by State
<b>Arizona</b>	<b>72,954,045</b>	<b>5,038,114</b>	<b>5,670,316</b>	
Grand Staircase Escalante NM		3,764,078	0	0%
Ironwood Forest NM		189,865	0	0%
Sonoran Desert NM		496,420	0	0%
Vermillion Cliffs NM		587,751	0	0%
<b>California</b>	<b>101,285,455</b>	<b>2,535,462</b>	<b>15,959,897</b>	
Berryessa Snow Mountain NM		191,353	0	0%
Carrizo Plain NM		247,081	32	0.0%
Cascade-Siskiyou NM		341,073	0	0%
Mojave Trails NM		1,755,956	647,290	4.1%
<b>Nevada</b>	<b>70,764,321</b>	<b>4,885,557</b>	<b>2,155,411</b>	
Basin and Range NM		2,832,890	0	0%
Gold Butte NM		296,711	137,597	6.4%
Mojave Trails NM		1,755,956	54	0.0%
<b>New Mexico</b>	<b>77,817,599</b>	<b>884,268</b>	<b>2,473,438</b>	
Organ Mountains - Desert Peaks NM		573,538	0	0%
Rio Grande del Norte NM		310,730	153	0.0%
<b>Oregon</b>	<b>62,106,743</b>	<b>511,609</b>	<b>5,258,006</b>	
Cascade-Siskiyou NM		511,609	35,994	0.7%
<b>Utah</b>	<b>54,334,336</b>	<b>13,444,905</b>	<b>3,571,708</b>	
Bears Ears NM		5,916,748	595,980	16.7%
Grand Staircase Escalante NM		7,528,157	444,711	12.5%

**Sage-Grouse Resilience and Resistance:**

West-wide datasets exist for resilience and resistance to disturbance for sage-grouse. Resilience refers to the ability of an ecosystem to recover following disturbance and resistant ecosystems have the capacity to retain their fundamental structure, processes, and functioning when exposed to stresses, disturbances, or invasive species. We analyzed the prevalence of area rated with high resilience and resistance for each monument as compared to the total in their respective States. The limitation of these analyses is that the ratings tend to be associated with resistance to cheatgrass invasion, and conditions are not necessarily supportive of cheatgrass in all ecosystems.

	State GIS Acres	Nat Mon GIS Acres	High SG Resilience and Resistance Acres	Percent of Total High SG Resilience and Resistance Acres Within Each Monument, by State
<b>Nevada</b>	<b>70,764,321</b>	<b>4,885,557</b>	<b>3,398,083</b>	
Basin and Range NM		2,832,890	1,151	0.03%
<b>Oregon</b>	<b>62,106,743</b>	<b>511,609</b>	<b>13,022,159</b>	
Cascade-Siskiyou NM		511,609	97,829	0.8%
<b>Utah</b>	<b>54,334,336</b>	<b>13,444,905</b>	<b>12,469,033</b>	
Bears Ears NM		5,916,748	142,385	1.1%